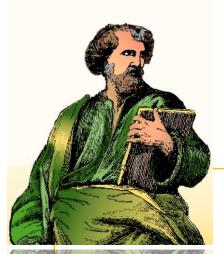


### Jesus Christ Was Recognized As Head **Of The Church**

Peter said that Jesus was Lord – Acts 2:36 (p 1254) "Ownership and authority" Church built upon foundation of authority Matthew 16:15-18 (p 1131)

Jesus is the HEAD of the body – the church

Ephesians 1:22-23 (p 1343); Colossians 1:18 (p 1353) Jesus has ALL authority Matthew 28:18-20 (p 1150)



### The Apostles Were Ambassadors Of Christ

Representative; Envoy; Emissaries

The apostles **SPOKE** for Jesus

2 Corinthians 5:20 (p 1330)

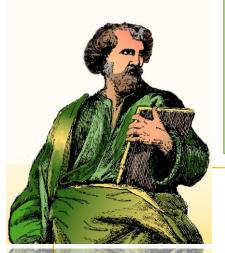
To REJECT the apostles is to reject Jesus and the Father Luke 10:16 (p 1195)

To RECEIVE the apostles is to receive Jesus and the Father

John 13:20 (p 1241)

Word of God given to the apostles: John 17:8, 14 (p 1245)



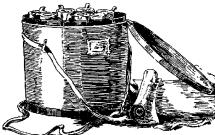


## The Written And Spoken Word Was Considered Authoritative

"The Law of Moses and the Prophets and the Psalms" Luke 24:44 (p 1219)

Generally accepted chronological order of NT.

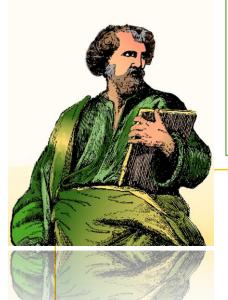
✓ James (44) Galatians (48)



✓ Matthew, 1&2 Thess., 1&2 Cor. Romans, Luke in the '50s

✓Colossians, Philemon, Ephesians, Philippians in the early '60s

- ✓ Acts (64), 1 Timothy, 1 Peter, Titus, 2 Peter, 2 Timothy, Mark, Hebrews and possibly the Revelation in the late '60s
- ✓ Jude, John and epistles of John (85-90)

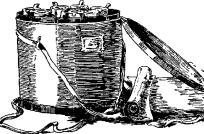


### The Written And Spoken Word Was Considered Authoritative

Paul said the scriptures were the divine word of God

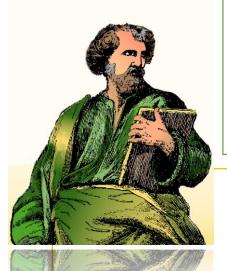
2 Timothy 3:16-17 (p 1368)

: Inerrant without error



- : <u>Complete</u> no need of other revelations
- : <u>Sufficient</u> gives man everything he needs

One faith is based on how the word was revealed *Ephesians 4:5 (p 1345)* comes from *Ephesians 3:1-5 (p 1344)* "Once delivered to the saints" Jude 3 (p 1405)



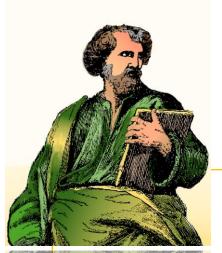
# The Early Church Distinguished Between The Old And New Covenants

Paul preached Moses was no longer the authority Acts 28:23, 31; 21:21 (pp 1292, 1282) Covenant of Christ replaced the Law of Moses Ephesians 2:14-15 (p 1344) Acts 15 (p 1272)

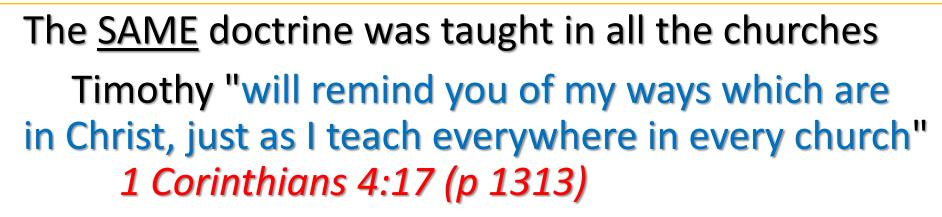


Several books of the New Testament are devoted to this question *Romans, Galatians, and Hebrews* 

The disciples respected the old scriptures and believed in them Romans 15:4 (p 1308) 2 Peter 3:5-6 (p 1325)



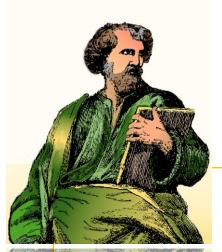
### Uniformity Of Doctrine In The Early Church



What he taught in Corinth he taught everywhere

1 Corinthians 7:17 (p 1315) 1 Corinthians 16:1 (p 1325)

UNIFORMITY OF DOCTRINE SHOULD RESULT IN UNIFORMITY OF PRACTICE.



## Solutions To Problems Were Found In The Teachings Of Jesus Christ

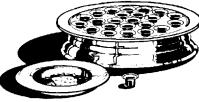
The church at Corinth had problems! How did Paul address those problems?

He referred to the teaching of Jesus and the apostles

Marriage: 1 Corinthians 7:10-11 (p 1315) Mark 10:9 (p 1165), Matthew 29:6 (p 1134)



Lord's Supper: 1 Corinthians 11:22-25 (p 1320) Matthew 26:26-29 (p 1145)





# The Early Church Knew That Silence Does Not Give Permission

The silence of God is not permissive but prohibitive The oracles of God 1 Peter 4:11 (p 1393) Do not presume to speak for God *Hebrews 1:5 (p 1373)* No instructions, no right to speak *Acts 15:24 (p 1273)* 

Saints were urged not to exceed what was WRITTEN

1 Corinthians 4:6 (p 1313)

The early church was taught to respect and obey the authoritative word of God

Every word of God is pure; He is a shield to those who put their trust in Him. Do not add to His words, lest He rebuke you, and you be found a liar. (Proverbs 30:5-6)